

JS Operators			
JavaScrip	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	s are identical to Java's Addition Subtraction Multiplication Division Modulus Increment Decrement	
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JS Assignment Operators JavaScript operators are identical to Java's Operator Example Same as = x=y x=y += x+=y x=x+y -= x=y x=x+y -= x=y x=x+y /= x|=y x=x/y 96= x|96= y x=x|90 96= x|96= y x=x|90 8887 Tennessee State University CSCI 1278



JS Adding Strings and Numbers	
Adding two numbers, will return the a string will return a string	sum, but adding a number and
Adding a number and a string, returns a string.	:/p>
	Adding a number and a string, returns a string.
<pre>cscripts vr x = 5 = 5; vr y = 5 = 5; vr y = 5 = 1; document_get(=emetty)d("demo").innerHTML = x * 'cbr2' * y * "cbr2' * #; </pre>	10 55 HelioS
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JS Compariso	n Operators		
JavaScr additior		entical to Java's, with a couple of	
	perator	Description equal to equal value & equal type not equal not equal value or type greater than less than greater than or equal to less than or equal to	
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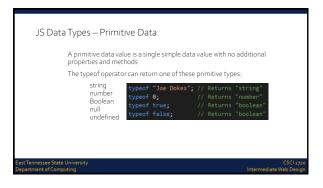
JS Logical Operators	
JavaScript operators are identical to Java's, with a couple of additional ones	
Operator <u>Description</u> 8.8 logical and logical or ! Logical not	
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JavaScript Data Types East Tennessee State University Department of Computing Intermediate Web Design	
JS Data Types JavaScript variables can hold many data types: numbers, strings, objects and more (Remember, var is deprecated. Use let instead) let length = 16; let lestName = "Johnson"; let x = (firstName; "Johnson"; let x = (firstName; "Johnson"); // String let x = (firstName; "Johnson"); // Object In programming, data types is an important concept To be able to operate on variables, it is important to know something about the type Without data types, a computer cannot safely solve this let x = 16 + "Volvo"; East Tennessee State University Department of Computing Intermediate Web Design	
JS Data Types JavaScript has dynamic types This means that the same variable can be used to hold different data types let x; // x is undefined x = 5; // Now x is a number x = "John"; // Now x is a string East Tennessee State University Department of Computing CSCL 3700 Intermediate Web Design	

JS Data Types	
JavaScript has only one type of numbers	
Numbers can be written with, or without decimals let x1 = 34.00; // Nith decimals,	
let x2 = 34; // Without Extra large or extra small numbers can be written with scientific	
(exponential) notation	
let y = 123e5, // 12300000 z = 123e-5; // 0.00123	
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JS Data Types	
Booleans can only have two values: true or false	
<pre>let y = true, z = false; // Notice, no quotes</pre>	
z = tasse, // nocice, no quotes	
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JS Data Types	
JavaScript arrays are written with square brackets Array items are separated by commas	
The following code declares (creates) an array called cars, containing three items (car names)	
<pre>let cars = ["Saab", "Volvo", "BMW"];</pre>	



JS Data Types – typeof (Operator
JavaScript variable	Script type of operator to find the type of a returns the type of a variable or an expression
typeof typeof typeof typeof typeof typeof	"";
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	JS Data Types	
	The typeof operator can return one of two complex types:	
	function object	
	<pre>typeof [1,2,3,4];</pre>	
	<pre>typeof function myFunc(){} // Returns "function"</pre>	
	The typeof operator returns object for arrays because in JavaScript arrays are objects	
	arrays are objects	
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	JS Data Types	
	In JavaScript, a variable without a value, has the value undefined	
		-
	The typeof is also undefined	
	The typeof is also undefined let person; // Value is undefined, type is undef	
	let person; // Value is undefined, type is undef	
	let person; // Value is undefined, type is undef EastTennessee State University CSCI 1720	
	let person; // Value is undefined, type is undef EastTennessee State University CSCI 1720	
	let person; // Value is undefined, type is undef EastTennessee State University CSCI 1720	
	let person; // Value is undefined, type is undef EastTennessee State University CSCI 1720	

JS Data Types	
In JavaScript, a variable without a value, has the value un The typeof is also undefined let person; // Value is undefined, type is undet typeof person; // Also undefined console.logiperson, typeof(person); undefined lockure, is the last	_
An empty value has nothing to do with undefined An empty string variable has both a value and a type	
<pre>let car = ""; console.log(car, typeof(car)); string</pre>	
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JS Data Types	
In JavaScript null is "nothing"	
It is supposed to be something that doesn't exist	
Unfortunately, in JavaScript, the data type of null is an object	
You can consider it a bug in JavaScript that typeof null is an object. It should be null	
You can empty an object by setting it to null var person = null; // Value is null, but type is still an object	
You can also empty an object by setting it to undefined	
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IC Data Tupos	
JS Data Types	
Difference Between Undefined and Null	
<pre>> typeof undefined < "undefined"</pre>	
<pre>> typeof null //object < "object"</pre>	
> null undefined < false	
<pre>> null undefined < true</pre>	
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JavaScript Functions	
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repartment of Computing Intermediate Web Design	<u> </u>

JS Functions		
particular tas	function is a block of code design k function is executed when somet	'
, 130, 130, 130, 130, 130, 130, 130, 130	> function multiply (si, p2) { return p1 * p2; return p1 * p2; let x = multiply(r, o); console.lng(v); 42 undefined }	> consol:log(multiply(3,7)); 21 c undefined >
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A JavaScript function is defined with the function keyword, followed by a name, followed by parentheses () Function names can contain letters, digits, underscores, and dollar signs (same rules as variables) The parentheses may include parameter names separated by commas (parameters, parameters, ...) The code to be executed, by the function, is placed inside brackets: {} function name(parameters, parameters, parameters) { code to be executed, by the function parameters, param

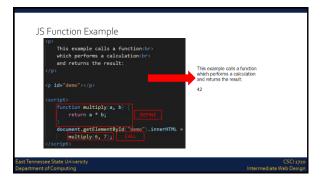
JS Function Syntax Function parameters are the names listed in the function definition Function arguments are the real values received by the function when it is invoked Inside the function, the arguments (the parameters) behave as local variables A Function is much the same as a Procedure or a Subroutine, in other programming languages

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JS Function Invocation The code inside the function will execute when "something" invokes (calls) the function: When an event occurs (when a user clicks a button) When it is invoked (called) from JavaScript code Automatically (self invoked)

JS Function Return JavaScript reaches a return statement, the function will stop executing If the function was invoked from a statement, JavaScript will "return" to execute the code after the invoking statement Functions often compute a return value. The return value is returned back to the caller



JS – Why Functions?	
You can reuse code: Define the code once, and use it many times	
You can use the same code many times with different arguments, to produce different results	
Functions can be used the same way as you use variables, in all types of formulas, assignments, and calculations	
let temp = toCelsius(77),	
text = "Seventy-seven degrees is " + x + " Celsius";	
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JavaScript Scope —	
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JS Scope —	
Scope is the set of variables you have access to	
In JavaScript, objects and functions are also variables	
In JavaScript, scope is the set of variables, objects, and functions you have access to	
JavaScript has function scope: The scope changes inside functions	
<u> </u>	
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JS Scope

Do NOT create global variables unless you intend to

Global variables, in any programming language, are generally a bad idea

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JS Scope	
With JavaScript, the global scope is the comple	ete JavaScript environment
In HTML, the global scope is the window object	t; all global variables belong
In HTML, all global variables(br) will become window variables.	
<pre>cp id="demo"></pre>	In HTML, all global variables will become window variables.
<pre>(script) let carName * "Volvo"; printCarName();</pre>	I can display Volvo
<pre>function printCarName() (document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = "I can display " + window.carName;</pre>	
EastTennes (/script>	
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Your global variables (or functions) can overwrite window variables (or functions)
Any function, including the window object, can overwrite your global variables and functions
The lifetime of a JavaScript variable starts when it is declared
Local variables are deleted when the function is completed
In a web browser, global variables are deleted when you close the browser window (or tab), but remains available to new pages loaded into the same window

JavaScript Conditions

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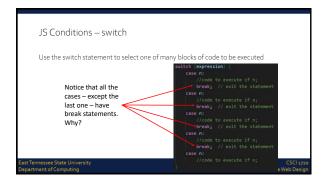
JS Conditions	
Very often when you write code, you want to perform different	
Very often when you write code, you want to perform different actions for different decisions You can use conditional statements in your code to do this	
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JS Conditions	
In JavaScript we have the following conditional statements:	
Use if to specify a block of code to be executed, if a specified condition is true	
Use else to specify a block of code to be executed, if the same condition is false	
Use e <mark>lse if</mark> to specify a new condition to test, if the first condition is false	
Use switch to specify many alternative blocks of code to be executed	
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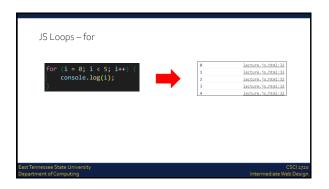


JS Conditions — the break Keyword When JavaScript reaches a break keyword, it breaks out of the switch block This will stop the execution of more code and case testing inside the block When a match is found, and the job is done, it's time for a break. There is no need for more testing A break can save a lot of execution time because it "ignores" the execution of all the rest of the code in the switch block It is not necessary to break the last case in a switch block. The block breaks (ends) there anyway



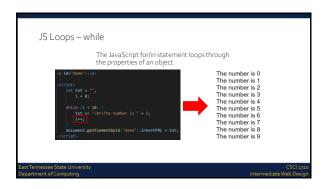


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JavaScript Loops	
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JS Loops	
Loops can execute a block of code a number of times	
Loops are handy, if you want to run the same code over and over again, each time with a different value	
JavaScript supports different kinds of loops:	
for - loops through a block of code a number of times for/in - loops through the properties of an object	
while - loops through a block of code while a specified condition is true	
do/while - also loops through a block of code while a specified condition is true	
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JS Loops – for	
The for loop is often the tool you will use when you want to create a loop The for loop has the following syntax:	
<pre>for (statement1; statement2; statement3) { // code to be executed;</pre>	
Statement 1 is executed before the loop (the code block) starts	
Statement 2 defines the condition for running the loop (the code block)	
Statement 3 is executed each time after the loop (the code block) has been executed	
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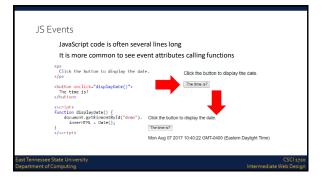




JavaScript Events	
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JS Events	
HTML events are <mark>things</mark> that happen to HTML elements	
When JavaScript is used in HTML pages, JavaScript can react on these events	
An HTML event can be something the browser does, or something a user does	
Here are some examples of HTML events:	
An HTML web page has finished loading An HTML input field was changed	
An HTML button was clicked	
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JS Events	
Often, when events happen, you want to do something JavaScript lets you execute code when events are detected	
HTML allows event handler attributes, with JavaScript code, to be	
added to HTML elements With single quotes:	
<element event="some JavaScript"></element>	
With double quotes: <pre><element event="some JavaScript"></element></pre>	
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JS Ever	nts					
	Here is a list o	of some common HTML events				
	Event	Description				
		An HTML element has been changed				
	onclick	The user clicks an HTML element				
		The user moves the mouse over an HTML element The user moves the mouse away from an HTML element		_		
		The user pushes a keyboard key				
	onload	The browser has finished loading the page				
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JS – Wł	nat Can Jav	aScript Do?				
	Constitution of the					
	actions, and b	rs can be used to handle, and verify, user input, user prowser actions:		-		
	Things th	at should be done every time a page loads				
	Things th	at should be done when the page is closed		'		
		at should be performed when a user clicks a button				
	Content t	hat should be verified when a user inputs data				
				-		
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IC /\/\	nat Can Iau	aScript Do?			 	
12 – 11	iat Cali Jav	a3C1pt D0!				
	Many differen	nt methods can be used to let JavaScript work with				
	events:					
		event attributes can execute JavaScript code direc	:ly			
		_ event attributes can call JavaScript functions				
	You c	an assign your own event handler functions to HTM ents	-	-		
		an prevent events from being sent or being handled				
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JavaScript Event Listeners	
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JS Event Listeners	
A more elegant way to react to events on a web site by creating	
event listeners Removes the 'trigger' from the HTML and puts it in the JS	
Similar to the ones we've seen, with some differences	
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JS Event Listeners	
<pre>document.getElementById('btn1').addEventListener('click', function() { //code goes here</pre>	
This appears in your JavaScript code, not the HTML	
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```
JS Event Listeners

document.getElementById('demo').style.cursor = 'pointer';

document.getElementById('demo').addEventListener('click', function() {
    let p = document.getElementById('demo');
    p.innerHTML = "It is so shocking to find out how many<br/>"people do not believe that they can learn, <br/>"and how many more believe learning to be<br/>" + "difficult.<br/>" "snbsp; snbsp; - Frank Herbert, Dune";
));

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JS Event Listeners - Document There are a variety of event listeners built in to JavaScript (in addition to 'click') drop event fullscreenchange event fullscreenerror event gotpointercapture event keydown event pointerlockchange event pointerlockerror event pointermove event pointerout event pointerover event touchstart event transitioncancel event transitionend event transitionrun event transitionstart event animationend event animationiteration event animationstart event copy event visibilitychange event cut event DOMContentLoaded event keypress event pointerup event keyup event lostpointercapture event readystatechange event wheel event DOMContentLoa dragend event dragenter event dragleave event dragover event dragstart event drag event scroll event selectionchange event paste event pointercancel event pointerdown event pointerenter event pointerleave event selectstart event touchcancel event touchend event touchmove event JS Event Listeners - Element There are a variety of event listeners built in to JavaScript (in addition to 'click') afterscriptexecute event auxclick event beforescriptexecute event blur event click event compositionend event mousedown event mouseenter event mouseleave event mousemove event mouseout event mouseover event MSGestureTap event MSInertiaStart event overflow event paste event scroll event select event DOMMouseScroll event error event focusin event focusout event focus event fullscreenchange event fullscreenerror event gesturechange event gestureend event compositionstart event compositionupdate event contextmenu event mouseup event show event mousewheel event touchcancel event touchend event touchmove event msContentZoom event

MSGestureChange event MSGestureEnd event

MSGestureHold event MSGestureStart event

touchstart event

underflow event wheel event

gesturestart event keydown event

keypress event keyup event

copy event out event

dblclick event DOMActivate event

JS Event Listeners - Window There are a variety of event listeners built in to JavaScript (in addition to 'click') vrdisplayactivate event vrdisplayblur event vrdisplayconnect event vrdisplaydeactivate event vrdisplaydisconnect event vrdisplayfocus event vrdisplayfocus event vrdisplayopinterrestricted i DOMContentLoaded event pagehide event pageshow event paste event gamepadconnected event popstate event rejectionhandled event resize event storage event gamepaddisconnected event hashchange event animationstart event appinstalled event beforeprint event languagechange event load event vrdisplaypointerrestricted event beforeunload event transitioncancel event vrdisplaypresentchange event messageerror event message event offline event online event orientationchange event blur event transitionend event transitionrun event transitionstart event unhandledrejection event unload event

JS Event Listeners	
This list doesn't include all of the built in events, but should illustrate	
This list doesn't include all of the built in events, but should illustrate the variety of things you can do with JavaScript	
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